

The "Man's Store." Official Weather Report—Fair and Warmer To-day.



It's cheaper to be wrapped up in one of our overcoats than to be wrapped up in a doctor's bill.

All Overcoats and Rain Coats Honestly Reduced. All Blue, Black, and Fancy Suits Honestly Reduced.

"Money's Worth or Money Back." D. J. KAUFMAN 1005-7 Pa. Ave.

Every Business Man Should Have the RAND CALENDAR STAND AND PAD on his Desk.

We offer you the regular 75c style for only . . . 40c R. ANDREWS PAPER COMPANY 627-629 LA. AVE. N. W.

The New "COLONIAL" Thin Model Waltham Watches In solid gold and gold-filled cases. Guaranteed Accurate Timepieces. Henry C. Karr, 1436 New York Ave., Corner of 15th St.

CARVERS That are high-grade. Here's a very fine Carving Set, and for little. Two-piece Stag-horn Carving Set only \$1.00. John B. Espey Hardware, 1219 Pa. Ave. NW.

Clean, unspotted ceilings are seen only in buildings where electric light is in use. Potomac Electric Power Co., 213 14th Street N. W.

Now Think ABOUT YOUR FEET Georges' Corn and Bunion Shields, at your druggist's, or our superior CHIROPODY will afford you quick and lasting COMFORT. J. J. GEORGES & SON, Inc., 1211 Penna. Ave.

FUEL THAT'S ECONOMICAL and Most Satisfactory. Coke is recommended because it is a thoroughly good fuel—always gives perfect results. It is very economical. We'll supply you. WASHINGTON GASLIGHT CO., 413 Tenth Street N. W.

THE HOME OF PURE WHISKY. FINEZA—a whisky that's dependable in quality and of pleasing taste. It stimulates and sustains. CHAS. KRAEMER, 735 7th St. N. W., Phone No. 2738

Your opportunity may be found among the want ads of The Herald this morning. One cent a word will place your wants in the homes of 30,000 readers

QUESTION IS RAISED

Strong Claim Made by Public Printer Stillings.

EXPENDITURES ARE REDUCED

Chief of Big Printery Takes Credit of Saving About \$700,000, but Discharge of Employees Under Curtailment Order and Cutting Down of Reports May Be Responsible.

Public Printer Charles A. Stillings has made it his boast that he is getting out of the work.

Public Printer Charles A. Stillings is not naturally a boaster—he is like Topsy. In a late issue of The Washington Herald it was stated that Mr. Stillings had reduced the expenditures for material, etc., during the time he was in office before he made his first report, in June, 1907, by about \$700,000.

Since that statement was made—the facts were gleaned from the cold figures in the reports of the Public Printer for 1906 and 1907—many people connected with the Government Printing Office in various capacities have been interviewed.

Had the Cutting Done.

Mr. Stillings, it appears, did not cut down the expenses of his office by the sum mentioned. He had them cut down for him. By an Executive order issued during the time before Mr. Stillings made his report for 1906, it was required that all departments of the government cut down their reports and documents to the bare amount needed.

In many instances the saving in paper alone for these reports was large. In the report of the War Department for the years of 1906 and 1907, it has been said, there was a difference in the number of pages printed of considerably more than 1,000,000 in favor of the report made by Mr. Stillings.

In another instance, that of the "bank statement," it is said the report, or statement, which it really was in 1906, to a small pamphlet in 1907. In many other instances the heads of government departments, acting in accordance with the Executive order, confined their reports to the least possible space. The order in question was promulgated for the express purpose of curtailing the expenses of the Government Printing Office.

Mr. Stillings, according to the reports of 1906 and 1907, saved almost \$600,000 on paper alone. But if the government departments were cut so largely as to their number of pages, obviously it was not the management on the part of Mr. Stillings which caused this reduction.

The Executive Order.

Another effect of the Executive order mentioned was to cause the discharge of a large number of employees of the Government Printing Office for whom Mr. Stillings, under his curtailment, could find no work. The amount saved, thus, as shown by a comparison of the two reports, to have been approximately \$300,000 in favor of the one made by Mr. Stillings, was, therefore, nothing but the consequence of the retrenchment under an Executive order.

In the matter of supplies, other than paper, Mr. Stillings was shown, by a comparison of the two reports, to have supposedly saved about \$200,000 during the first year he was the Public Printer. However, men closely connected with the Government Printing Office assert that this apparent saving has an air of unreality when it is faced by the Executive order of curtailment.

Lithographing and engraving being but the finer shades of printing, would naturally be cut when the expenditures by the department for the printing were cut. Consequently, it seems obvious that Mr. Stillings did not save the \$700,000-odd that a comparison of the reports of 1906 and 1907 might even seem to show that he has saved. The Executive order would touch and did touch the lithographing and engraving, as well as any other portion of the work done by the Government Printing Office for the departments.

Public Printer Stillings said to a reporter for The Washington Herald that he had cut down expenses during his first year about \$600,000.

Comparison of Reports.

A comparison of the reports of the Public Printer for 1906 and 1907 shows that Mr. Stillings apparently cut down expenses to the amount of almost \$700,000.

An Executive order said that all the departments which offer most of the business done at the Government Printing Office must cut down the volume of their several reports.

It has been stated that the departments did so in some instances, and it is fair to assume that none of them disregarded such an order.

It becomes a question, then, as to who saved the \$600,000-odd, the departments ordered to cut down reports or the Public Printer.

If Mr. Stillings really saved the \$600,000, no doubt through the Act System, which the reports were to be installed to instruct in a "cost," &c., system, he can show that he made the saving and not the departments, acting under orders, and, naturally, curtailing Mr. Stillings' amount of work.

CONCORDIA TO CELEBRATE.

Evangelical Lutheran's Jubilee Begins Week of January 12.

Concordia Evangelical Lutheran Church, Twentieth and R streets northwest, will celebrate the seventy-fifth anniversary of its organization with a jubilee week January 12 to 19.

A service of praise and thanksgiving will be held on Sunday, January 12, and the Sunday school will celebrate in the evening of the same day. Services will be conducted every day except Saturday during the week, and a banquet and social reunion will be held on January 17. The concluding service will be held on January 19.

ECKINGTON W. C. T. U. MEETS.

Delegates Are Appointed for Forthcoming Events.

The Eckington W. C. T. U. met at the home of Mrs. O. A. Tingley Friday evening, January 3. Mrs. M. M. K. White led the devotional exercises, after which the regular business was transacted. Mrs. Miller and Mrs. A. I. Rogers were appointed superintendents of good literature. Mrs. A. M. Stuart and Mrs. Rogers were appointed delegates to the quarterly meeting of the District W. C. T. U. to be held on January 17. Other delegates were chosen to represent the union at the meeting of the Prohibition Crusaders to be held to-night. These were Mrs. M. K. White, Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Shinnick, and Dr. Isabella Mungar. After adjournment the hostess served refreshments.

Bible Class Elects Officers.

The First M. P. Church Men's Bible Class organized Friday, January 3, electing the following officers: Teacher, Rev. B. P. Truitt; president, John K. Runion; vice president, John R. Emory; secretary, H. Hiburg Lee; and treasurer, William S. Campbell. The class was organized at the meeting of the pastor. This class cordially invites all men to attend Sunday mornings, from 9:20 to 11 o'clock.

Bargains in Beds.

Quite a number of beds on sale to-day at great reductions. Extraordinary values every one of them. Come early and secure the best selections.

When in Doubt, Buy of House & Herrmann

7th and Eye Sts. N. W.

THEFTS AT MEXICAN EMBASSY

Silver Reported Missing Is Soon Found in Residence.

Employee Who Reported Loss of Gold Watch and Chain Has Not Yet Recovered Them.

Theft of Thirty-one Pieces of Silver

service from one of the rooms of the Mexican Embassy, 1415 I street northwest, was reported to the police yesterday morning. The silverware was a portion of a costly set of 124 pieces brought from Europe by Senor Don Enrique C. Creel, the Mexican Ambassador to the United States.

On receiving this information the police officers detailed one of the Central office detectives to the case, and started a thorough investigation. At the embassy a number of employees were closely questioned by members of the legation staff, and a search was made of all the rooms.

Within a short time after receiving the news of the supposed theft the police officials were notified that the silver had been recovered. The thirty-one pieces were found wrapped up in a cloth and hidden behind a doorway in one of the rooms.

How the silver got to such a place is a matter of considerable mystery to the police.

Several days ago Dominio Giovanni, an employe at the embassy, reported to the police that his gold watch and chain, valued at \$85, had disappeared from the place. Every portion of the embassy has been carefully searched but as yet the valuables have not been found. The police are still investigating the matter.

COMPOSERS WILL FIGHT BILL

Mr. Witmark Opposes the Currier Measure in Congress.

Declares if It Is Passed It Will Be Death Knell to American Music Authors.

Isidore Witmark, president of the National Copyright Association, and a member of the firm of M. Witmark & Sons' Co., of New York, said last night that the composers of the country would fight the Currier bill, which will be introduced in Congress the latter part of this month by Congressman Currier.

"This bill," said Mr. Witmark, "gives the manufacturers of perforated music rolls and phonograph record-makers the privilege to take what musical compositions they want, and when the composer or publisher anything for the right."

"The bill," continued Mr. Witmark, "legalizes the manufacture of what we call 'gamed music,' to take what compositions he wants, and when to respect the author's rights in the matter. At the present time these manufacturers take a musical composition that has made a hit, and use it on their rolls or records, or on their phonographs, and make it into a new composition, or cut out parts which make the piece too long for their purpose. This ruins the reputation of the composer with every one who hears the record."

"The composers are going to fight the bill, because, if it is passed, it will mean part of their livelihood will be taken away."

"It will discourage the American composer, as the sales of 'gamed music' are increasing rapidly, and when the sale of sheet music stops, the author will be without a means to earn his living. The bill says the music copyright law shall not be construed to include the records or music rolls, and will make the author unprotected."

"There is no reason why these manufacturers should get compositions for nothing. Without musical compositions these manufacturers would not have goods to sell to the public. A music roll without music would be worth nothing. But they have no right to use the work of the composers' brain without recompense."

"At almost the same time the Currier bill will come up for consideration, a bill will be introduced to music copyright, providing that these manufacturers pay a royalty to the authors for the use of their works. This is only fair."

"Many of the famous composers of the country will come to Washington and try to defeat the Currier bill. They feel the need of a good copyright law to cover this 'piracy' keenly. If it is passed the American composer will be discouraged, for without money he cannot live, and the quality of our musical work will decrease."

Colored Night Schools.

The colored public evening schools will open to-night in the following buildings: Armstrong, Stevens, Randall, Garnet, Lovejoy, and Garfield. An additional graded night school will be opened at the Birney school to accommodate the residents of Hittsdale and vicinity. Training of an advanced character will also be offered at a new center located in the Summer school building, at Seventeenth and M streets northwest. Arrangements have been made for the consolidation of classes in the business department of the Armstrong Night High School.

Policeman Lipscomb's Son Hurt.

Theodore Lipscomb, nine years of age, living at 1822 Thirty-sixth street northwest, son of Policeman T. B. Lipscomb, of the Seventh precinct, was struck by an automobile operated by Dr. G. W. Wood, of 2906 P street northwest, while playing on the Canal road yesterday afternoon. The boy was painfully bruised about the back and right hip. He was placed in Dr. Wood's automobile and taken to his home, where he was treated by the family physician.

STUDY CANADA LINE

Waterways Commission Reports on Lake Erie.

CANAL DRAINAGE SPECIFIED

Lockport Company May Divert 500 Cubic Feet Per Second—Chicago Stream Not More Than 10,000 Cubic Feet Per Second—Much Data Collected and Studied During Year.

The American members of the International Waterways Commission have submitted to the Secretary of War their report for the year ended December 1 last.

The report shows that during that period the full commission held three and the American members six meetings at Buffalo and Toronto. In the interval between these meetings the collection and study of data bearing upon the various questions before the commission were continued.

The commission was created by the rivers and harbors act of 1902, and its duties are to investigate and report upon the waterways on the boundary line between the United States and Canada. As a result of the commission's investigations, a permit has been issued to the Lockport Hydraulic Company to divert 500 cubic feet per second of water from the Erie Canal.

New York Must Consent.

This permit, however, was issued with the express understanding that it confers no authority to divert water from the Erie Canal without the consent of the State of New York, and that it is subject to such regulations and conditions as the State sees fit to impose.

The full commission has submitted a report to the two governments recommending that the government of the United States prohibit the diversion of more than 10,000 cubic feet of water per second for the Chicago Drainage Canal.

The commission has also submitted a report to the two governments upon the international boundary line in Lake Erie, which was a matter of dispute caused by the seizure by the Canadian vessel Vigilant in August, 1906, of a number of fishing nets placed near the middle of the lake by the Keystone Fish Company, of Erie, Pa.

Despite the contention of the fish company that the nets were on the American side of the boundary line, the Canadian government confiscated them.

To Fix Canada Line.

The report recommended that the commission be authorized to locate, lay down upon a modern chart, and monument the boundary line through Lake Erie.

The commission is composed of the following members: Brig. Gen. O. H. Ernst, U. S. retired, chairman; George Clinton, of Buffalo, and Prof. E. E. Haskell, of Cornell University, representing the United States; and George C. Gibbons, of London, Ontario, chairman; Louis Coste, of Ottawa, and William J. Stewart, of Ottawa, representing Canada.

PUBLIC HEALTH THE TOPIC.

Board of Trade's Committee Discusses Pollution of Potomac.

A most interesting and earnest meeting of the Board of Trade's committee on public health was held Friday evening, in the board rooms, Dr. D. Percy Hocking in the chair.

Some of the recommendations in the annual report of this committee, which will be presented to the full board at its next meeting, January 22, was further discussed.

The pollution of Potomac water in general, especially that threatened by the sewerage system to be installed at Hancock, Md., was thoroughly discussed, and the committee decided to invite men in the subject to meet on Monday and address the next meeting of the committee. The appropriation suggested by the Washington Playground Association, and approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, for the erection of a public bath house in Northeast Washington, and another in Southwest Washington, was freely discussed and approved as important to the health of these communities.

BROCKMAN ON FAR EAST.

Says United States Is Asleep, While Other Countries Profit.

Fletcher S. Brockman, national secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association in China and Korea, gave a new view of the situation in the far East in his address on "The New Orient," yesterday afternoon, at the regular Sunday afternoon meeting for men, in the gymnasium hall of the Y. M. C. A. building.

In speaking of the Christian work in the Orient, in which he has been engaged for a number of years, he stated that Buddhism and Confucianism are things of the past, and that the fight of to-day is against paganism and materialism.

His prediction, which he made three years ago in this city, that the educational system in the East would be entirely changed, has been fulfilled, he said. He also said that there are in Tokyo, at the present day, 16,000 students, selected from provinces, cities, and towns in every part of the country, who are being educated in the Christian religion, and who will go back to their homes and educate others of their race.

"The United States is asleep," he declared. "European countries have scientific and industrial progress. The far East, studying the conditions there, and profiting by some of the little things which those countries have learned by centuries of study and experiment, while this country has not made the first step in this direction."

LOCAL MENTION.

EXCURSIONS TO-DAY.

To Fort Monroe, Norfolk, Newport News, and all points South-Norfolk and Washington steamers every evening in the year at 6:30.

To Rock Creek Bridge, Zoological Park, Cherry Chase, and Kensington—Cars from Fifteenth street and New York avenue every fifteen minutes.

To Alexandria—Ferry steamer Luckawanna every hour and a half from 6 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Specialists in Sea Foods.

Phila. Oyster & Chop House, 513 11th st. n.w.

For Food or Medicinal Use.

Get an Original Case of Florida Extra 1 Lucca Olive Oil. Your druggist or grocer.

Choice Potatoes, 20c Pk.

Tomatoes, 7c and 8c cans; salmon, 8c and 10c cans; 12c; pickles, 9c; br. bacon, 12c; pineapple wafers, 10c can; prunes, 8c; India relish, 8c bottle; pickles, 1c 1 lb. rubbed sage, 1c; 1 lb. pepper, 15c; 25 outmags, 5c. J. T. D. Fry's Store.

Great Bear Spring Water, 4 Gals., 50c.

Office, 704 11th st. Phone Main 329.

Table d'Hote Dinner, 75c; Luncheon in a carte, Park Hotel, Winter Garden, N. Y.

Arrive at 11:30, Hungarian Orchestra during lunch, dinner, and supper.

Gatti's Olive Cream Shampoo

Is the only pure olive oil hair invigorator. At druggists.

J. G. Pattee Company Annual Clearance Sale. Our Entire Stock of High-grade Cloaks, Suits, Waists, and Furs for Women. Reduced 1/3 to 1/2 Former Prices. Women's Cloth Suits, Women's Velvet Suits, Women's Evening Wraps, Women's Evening Gowns, Women's Street Coats, Women's Separate Skirts, Women's Dress Waists, Russian Pony Coats. 1331 G Street Northwest.

LECTURES ON "GOOD CHEER"

Anniversary of Evangelistic Work at Waugh M. E. Church.

Miss Jennie Smith Declares Temperance People Look to Washington for Good Example.

The twenty-fifth anniversary of railroad evangelistic work in this country was celebrated last night in Waugh Methodist Episcopal Church, Third and A streets northeast, where Miss Jennie Smith started the work twenty-five years ago.

Since that time Miss Smith has become widely known as a railroad evangelistic worker, having traveled over the greater part of the United States while engaged in the work. She is the author of many well-known books, among which are "Valley of Peace," "Ramblings in Ben-liah," and others equally prominent in evangelistic and temperance literature.

Her subject last night was "Good Cheer," and she dwelt upon the importance of every one spreading good cheer whenever there was an opportunity. Have a kind word for the mail-carrier, the servants in your employ, and every one you meet, and you will be happier yourself, she declared. In speaking of the temperance movement in this country, which has recently caused much comment, she said that the people of the United States are looking toward Washington, the Capital City, for the greatest support, and especially the temperance people of Georgia, where the sale of spirituous liquors has been prohibited since January 1.

At the conclusion of Miss Smith's address, the elder members of Waugh Church, who were present when she made her first evangelistic talk, gave many interesting reminiscences of that night, and promised to lend their aid in the future as in the past.

VETERAN PRINTERS ELECTED.

G. P. O. Club Names New Officers for the Year 1908.

The members of the Government Printing Office Veteran Club held their annual election Saturday night, and elected the following named comrades as officers for the year 1908: President, Wallace Brewer; vice president, Thomas C. Pursel; treasurer, Charles M. Robinson; secretary, C. Morgan; doorkeeper, John Maley.

This association is composed entirely of employees of the Government Printing Office who served in the civil war, and is now in the seventh year of its existence. Its purposes are entirely social ones, and the club is in a flourishing condition.

SAILOR STRUCK BY CAR.

Man Recently Discharged Injured on Pennsylvania Avenue.

Charles Dalston, forty-four years of age, formerly a sailor in the United States navy, was struck by an east-bound Pennsylvania avenue car last night near Four-and-a-Half streets northwest, sustaining several serious gashes about the head and probably concussion of the brain. The man was removed to the Casualty Hospital, and at a late hour last night was reported to be resting quietly. The hospital physicians are of the opinion that the man will recover.

Dalston is said to have just alighted from a west-bound car at the corner of Four-and-a-Half street and was walking around the trailer in order to cross to the other side of the car tracks when he was struck by a car coming in the opposite direction. He was taken into Richardson's pharmacy, where he received temporary treatment until the arrival of the ambulance. Dalston was honorably discharged from the navy about three weeks ago in San Francisco at the termination of his enlistment, and is said to have come to this city in connection with business before the Navy Department.

PROBATIONERS VISIT COURT

Judge De Lacy Gives Them Straight Talk on Incurability.

Rev. Zed H. Copp Also Gives Advice Relative to the Observance of Law and Order.

The officials of the Juvenile Court had as visitors yesterday afternoon several hundred boys and girls who have been placed on probation from time to time, and for nearly two hours they were treated to a series of heart-to-heart talks by Judge De Lacy and Probation Officers Zed H. Copp and Mrs. Gertrude Darwin.

Judge De Lacy exhorted his youthful wards to begin the New Year by a resolve to never again violate the law, and to be trustworthy and sincere in well-doing.

He also advised the boys to shun the use of the cigarette, and to remember that the law was friendly to each. He said:

"Instead of locking you up, the law has permitted the court to place you on probation and given each of you the privilege to stay in your homes, but you must be true to the promises which you made the court to never again violate the law, and so long as you do this, the court will be friendly to you."

The judge gave the children some fatherly advice as to their duties to their parents, their employers, and their lawful superiors. Then Mr. Copp and Mrs. Darwin interviewed each probationer as to attendance at school, earning capacity, &c., and stated that the majority of the boys were working and earning wages.

A library of nearly 200 volumes has been added to the court, and at each of the probation Sunday exercise books are distributed, and it is said that during the year and a half of the court's existence much good has been accomplished.

An American flag has been placed over the judge's bench, and it is said to be the first Juvenile Court in the United States to establish this feature.

The New Connecticut Avenue Bridge, Now Open, Completes the Direct Thoroughfare to Chevy Chase, D. C.

This is the suburb beautiful of Washington. It offers every attraction to suburban home seekers. It is splendidly located and is convenient to the city. Every convenience is provided.

Choice home sites in Chevy Chase, D. C., are offered for 25c to 38c per foot on easy terms.

It would be advisable to select a lot in Chevy Chase, D. C., now and start building at once, so as to be able to occupy your home in the early spring. Our representative will meet you on the property at any time.

Thos. J. Fisher & Co., Incorporated, 738 Fifteenth Street N. W.

Purity—Cleanliness—Excellence.

The New Year

will bring YOU health and vigor if you make judicious use of

Heurich's Maerzen

SENATE and LAGER. They're rich in nourishing properties, pure, and perfectly aged. EVERY BOTTLE PASTEURIZED. Order them.

2 doz. Maerzen or Senate, \$1.75. 2 doz. Lager, \$1.50; bottle rebate, 50c. Delivered in unlettered wagons if desired.

CHR. HEURICH BREWING CO. Phone W. 1600

The Famous SHOOMAKER PENN RYE

Ten years old, \$1.25. Order by phone. Also TENNESSEE, \$1.00 Bottle.

The Shoemaker Co. 1331 E St. N. W. Established 1853. Phone Main 1198.

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